NONWOVENS: BALLISTIC APPLICATIONS
AND PATENT SEARCH

Ahmed Hassb Elkarem,
Faculty of Engineering, The University of Aberdeen,
Aberdeen, United Kingdom

Abstract - Nonwovens are highly demanded in the ballistic protection market due to their lightweight and ultra-high flexibility. Particularly, Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics provide higher energy absorption ability, greater thermal and cutting resistance compared to the other types of nonwoven fabrics. Numerous patents have been published over the past two decades about the use of nonwovens in ballistic applications and creative manufacturing methods and advanced technological solutions. In this report, a detailed overview of the applications of Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics and their unique properties and types is provided. Furthermore, a detailed analysis of the relevant patents that cover the manufacturing methods and composition of ballistic nonwovens is also provided. For each patent, an abstract, description and detailed list of claims are provided. The main goal of to provide better understanding of the use of Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics in bulletproof applications and to review the relevant patented documents which serve as a good reference for further investigations in the area of ballistic nonwovens.

I. INTRODUCTION

The ballistic armor materials are getting special attention by the military and civilian defense market. Nonwoven and woven composites are preferred in high loading applications [1-4]. For this reason, engineers and researchers started developing new products to satisfy the essential customer’s protection needs. Traditionally, soft body armor for ballistic protection was produced from layers of woven fabrics stitched together. However, they now include laminates stacked with nonwoven, unidirectional (UD) layers and sometimes a combination of woven/nonwoven laminates. Considering the UD laminates, fibers within each UD layer are oriented in a parallel orientation and are reinforced with an adhesive polymer resin or matrix such as Kraton that binds the fibers together. In particular, nonwoven fabrics have been effectively utilized in multiple ballistic protection industries. This is attributed to their high flexibility, lightweight and high energy absorption capability [5-7]. A scientific article published by the US Army researchers showed that the Kevlar® (Fig.1) needle-punched nonwoven provides around 67 % less structural weight than the woven fabric, while maintaining over 80 % of the ballistic protection capability of the woven fabric. In nonwovens, it has been concluded by many researchers that the modulus of fibers plays the most vital role in ballistic protection. Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics provide higher energy absorption ability compared to the other types of nonwoven fabrics. Previous studies showed that the energy-absorption mechanism of needle-punched fabrics is different from that of the unidirectional fabrics or even woven fabrics where the energy is dissipated in terms of fiber breakage [8,9]. On the contrary, there are less fixed and short staple fibers in needle-punched fabrics that can reflect the strain waves. Hence, less fibers failure occurs in nonwoven fabrics.

Fig.1: Kevlar® bullet proof vest

As reported by the grand view research, the global body armor market size was valued at USD 2.1 billion in 2018 and is expected to expand at a CAGR of 5.5% from 2019 to 2025. Increasing focus of defense agencies on ensuring soldier survivability is driving the demand for personal safety equipment and suits. Shortage of ballistic protection fabrics (Fig. 2) and rise in asymmetric warfare in various countries, such as South Korea, Iraq, and India, is further accelerating the industry growth. Kevlar® fibers products are highly
demanded in numerous nonwoven markets including the military. For instance, Z-11 spunlace is a lightweight fabric, comfortable and saturable. It’s known for its superior thermal and flame resistance properties. The fabric is free of binders and resin which makes it maintain the excellent performance. Sontara® products are highly desirable in calendaring rolls, and fire blocking for transportation seating [10]. Both products withstand extreme high temperatures due to their unique low shrinkage ability. Furthermore, the aforementioned products possess high cutting resistance as well as high fabric integrity and dimensional stability.

Fig. 2: Fabrics for ballistic protection [11]

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<tr>
<th>Patent Number</th>
<th>Publication Date</th>
<th>Title</th>
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<tr>
<td>CN103526453A</td>
<td>01-10-2013</td>
<td>Method for making bulletproof composite materials through aramid fiber non-woven cloth</td>
<td>Beijing Leite New Technology Industrial Company, China.</td>
<td>• High in safety margin, • Low in weight • Capable of obviously improving safety of war fighters</td>
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<tr>
<td>WO2017116649A1</td>
<td>07-06-2017</td>
<td>Ballistic Materials incorporating spunlaced Nonwovens.</td>
<td>Tex Tech industries, Inc., US</td>
<td>• Ballistic material made from spunlace nonwoven fibers mechanically entangled into a woven ballistic fabric • Nonwoven may comprise low denier fibers providing for a highly dense ballistic product</td>
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II. SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS

The demanded for lightweight effective ballistic protection nonwovens is rapidly increasing. Particularly, Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics provide higher energy absorption ability, greater thermal and cutting resistance compared to the other types of nonwoven fabrics. Numerous patents have been published over the past two decades about the use of nonwovens in ballistic applications and creative manufacturing methods and advanced technological solutions. In this report, a detailed overview of the applications of Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics and their unique properties and types was provided. Furthermore, a detailed analysis of the relevant patents that cover the manufacturing methods and composition of ballistic nonwovens was described in detail. For each patent, an abstract, description and detailed list of claims are outlined. The main goal of this study was to provide better understanding of the use of Kevlar® nonwoven fabrics in bulletproof applications and to review the relevant patented documents which serve as a good reference for further investigations in the area of ballistic nonwovens.

III. REFERENCES

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16 Ballistic resistant material with nonorthogonal stitching, Patent No. US00938764.4B1, KENNON PRODUCTS, INC., US